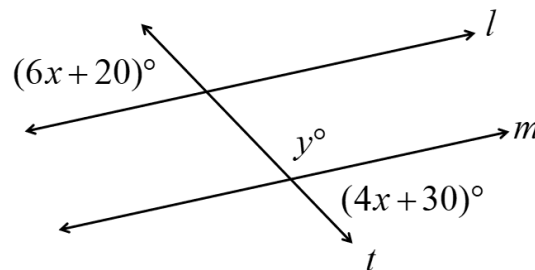


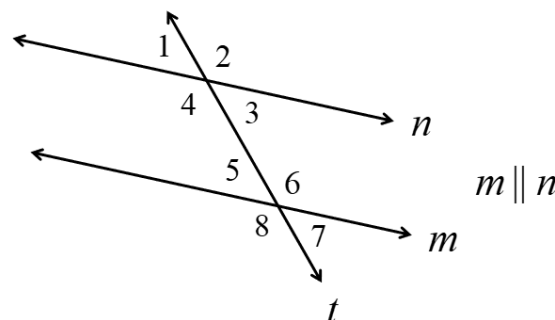
## Part A: Angles [8.G.5]

1. In the diagram below,  $l \parallel m$ . When trying to solve for  $y$ , James found  $y = 98^\circ$ . **Explain** the mistake James made and **explain** the correct method to solve for  $y$ .



2. For each angle measure below, **determine** if it is the same, supplementary, or neither with  $\angle 1$ .

|            | Same as $\angle 1$ | Supplementary with $\angle 1$ | Neither |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| $\angle 5$ |                    |                               |         |
| $\angle 2$ |                    |                               |         |
| $\angle 3$ |                    |                               |         |
| $\angle 7$ |                    |                               |         |
| $\angle 4$ |                    |                               |         |



## Part B: Transformations and Dilations [8.G.3]

3. Triangle ABC is shown.

A) **Rotate** Triangle ABC  $90^\circ$  clockwise around the origin to create Triangle A'B'C'.

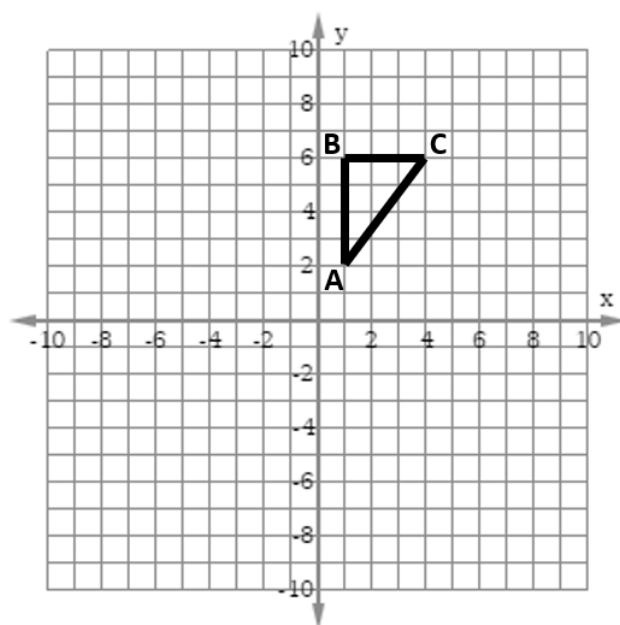
B) Write the coordinates of A', B', and C' after the transformation.

A': \_\_\_\_\_

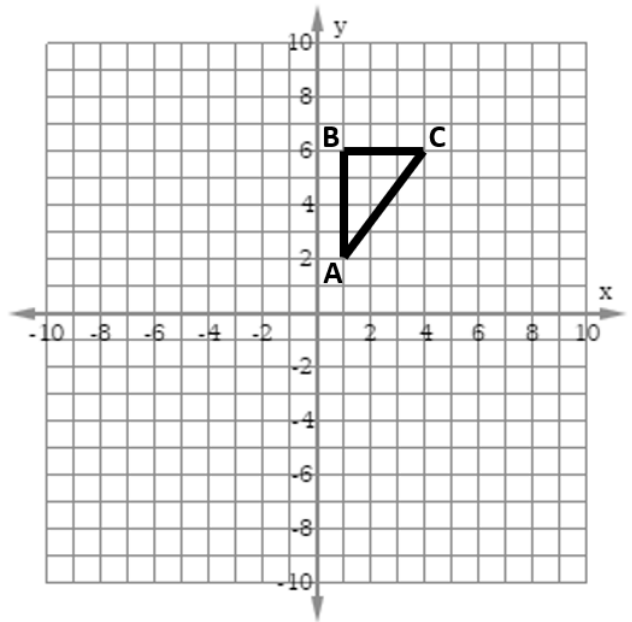
B': \_\_\_\_\_

C': \_\_\_\_\_

C) Are Triangles ABC and A'B'C' congruent?  
**Justify** your reasoning.



4. **Describe** a transformation or series of transformations that would result in Triangle ABC mapping onto Triangle EFG with E(4,-2), F(4,-6), G(7,-6).



5. Triangle ABC has vertices A(4,0), B(8,0), and C(8,12). Which of the following would not result in Triangle A'B'C' being congruent to Triangle ABC?
- A) Reflecting Triangle ABC across the y-axis.
  - B) Rotating Triangle ABC  $180^\circ$  around the origin counter-clockwise.
  - C) Translating Triangle ABC 4 units left and 10 units down.
  - D) Dilating Triangle ABC by a factor of 2.

6. Figure ABCD has been rotated  $180^\circ$  around the origin, creating the figure with side lengths represented by e, f, g, and h.

**Prove** that the figures are congruent by matching the corresponding sides and finding their measures.

Side AB has length \_\_\_\_\_ and corresponds with side \_\_\_\_\_ with length \_\_\_\_\_.

Side BC has length \_\_\_\_\_ and corresponds with side \_\_\_\_\_ with length \_\_\_\_\_.

Side CD has length \_\_\_\_\_ and corresponds with side \_\_\_\_\_ with length \_\_\_\_\_.

Side DA has length \_\_\_\_\_ and corresponds with side \_\_\_\_\_ with length \_\_\_\_\_.

